

SAMPLE ORGANIZATION

Model Cost Allocation Plan

Use the following model Cost Allocation Plan (CAP) as guidance for Non-profit organizations. The CAP should be tailored to fit the specific policies of each organization. If your organization's policies are different in any of the categories, please specifically identify the methodology used. Although there are different methodologies available for allocating costs, the methodology used should result in an equitable distribution of costs to programs. Recipients must have a system in place to equitably charge costs. Additionally, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-122, time distribution records must reflect an after-the-fact determination of the actual activity of each employee. Considerations in determining an appropriate base for allocating costs include the relative benefits received, the materiality of the cost, and the amount of time and cost to perform the allocation.

SAMPLE ORGANIZATION COST ALLOCATION PLAN

Purpose/General Statements

The purpose of this cost allocation plan is to summarize, in writing, the methods and procedures that this organization will use to allocate costs to various programs, grants, contracts and agreements.

OMB Circular A-122, "Cost Principles for Non-Profit Organizations," establishes the principles for determining costs of grants, contracts and other agreements with the Federal Government. *Sample Organization's* Cost Allocation Plan is based on the Direct Allocation method described in OMB Circular A-122. The Direct Allocation Method treats all costs as direct costs except general administration and general expenses.

Direct costs are those that can be identified specifically with a particular final cost objective. Indirect costs are those that have been incurred for common or joint objectives and cannot be readily identified with a particular final cost objective.

Only costs that are allowable, in accordance with the cost principles, will be allocated to benefiting programs by *Sample Organization*.

General Approach

The general approach of *Sample Organization* in allocating costs to particular grants and contracts is as follows:

- A. All allowable direct costs are charged directly to programs, grants, activity, etc.
- B. Allowable direct costs that can be identified to more than one program are prorated individually as direct costs using a base most appropriate to the particular cost being prorated.
- C. All other allowable general and administrative costs (costs that benefit all programs and cannot be identified to a specific program) are allocated to programs, grants, etc. using a base that results in an equitable distribution.

ALLOCATION OF COSTS

The following information summarizes the procedures that will be used by *Sample Organization* beginning 01/01/2007:

- A. Compensation for Personal Services - Documented with timesheets showing time distribution for all employees and allocated based on time spent on each program or grant. Salaries and wages are charged directly to the program for which work has been done. Costs that benefit more than one program will be allocated to those programs based on the ratio of each program's salaries to the total of such salaries (see Examples 1, 6 or 7). Costs that benefit all programs will be allocated based on the ratio of each program's salaries to total salaries (see Examples 2, 8 or 12).
 - 1. Fringe benefits (FICA, UC, and Worker's Compensation) are allocated in the same manner as salaries and wages. Health insurance, dental insurance, life & disability and other fringe benefits are also allocated in the same manner as salaries and wages.
 - 2. Vacation, holiday, and sick pay are allocated in the same manner as salaries and wages.
- B. Insurance - Insurance needed for a particular program is charged directly to the program requiring the coverage. Other insurance coverage that benefits all programs is allocated based on the ratio of each program's expenses to total expenses (see Examples 4 or 10).
- C. Professional Services Costs (such as consultants and accounting services) - Allocated to the program benefiting from the service. All professional service costs are charged directly to the program for which the service was incurred. Costs that benefit more than one program will be allocated to those programs based on the ratio of each program's expenses to the total of such expenses (see Examples 3 or 9). Costs that benefit all programs will be allocated based on the ratio of each program's expenses to total expenses (see Examples 4 or 10).
- D. Audit Costs – Identifiable direct audit costs are charged directly to the program. Audit costs that benefits all programs are allocated based on the ratio of each program's expenses to total expenses (see Examples 4 or 10). Audit fees will be allocated to the "administration" category based on Dane County guidelines and instructions
- E. Postage - Allocated based on usage. Expenses used for a specific program will be charged directly to that program. Postage expenses are charged directly to programs to the extent possible. Costs that benefit more than one program will be allocated to those programs based on the ratio of each program's expenses to the total of such expenses (see Examples 3 or 9). Costs that benefit all programs will be allocated based on the ratio of each program's expenses to total expenses (see Examples 4 or 10).
- F. Printing (including supplies, maintenance and repair) - Expenses are charged directly to programs that benefit from the service. Expenses that benefit more than one program are allocated based the ratio of the costs to total expenses. Costs that benefit more than

one program will be allocated to those programs based on the ratio of each program's expenses to the total of such expenses (see Examples 3 or 9). Costs that benefit all programs will be allocated based on the ratio of each program's expenses to total expenses (see Examples 4 or 10).

- G. Food/Household Supplies - Expenses are charged directly to programs that benefit from the service. Expenses that benefit more than one program are allocated based the ratio of the costs to total expenses. Costs that benefit more than one program will be allocated to those programs based on the ratio of each program's expenses to the total of such expenses (see Examples 3 or 9). Costs that benefit all programs will be allocated based on the ratio of each program's expenses to total expenses (see Examples 4 or 10).
- H. Program Supplies - Expenses are charged directly to programs that benefit from the service. Expenses that benefit more than one program are allocated based the ratio of the costs to total expenses. Costs that benefit more than one program will be allocated to those programs based on the ratio of each program's expenses to the total of such expenses (see Examples 3 or 9). Costs that benefit all programs will be allocated based on the ratio of each program's expenses to total expenses (see Examples 4 or 10).
- I. Office/Copier - Allocated based on usage. Expenses used for a specific program will be charged directly to that program. Postage expenses are charged directly to programs to the extent possible. Costs that benefit more than one program will be allocated to those programs based on the ratio of each program's expenses to the total of such expenses (see Examples 3 or 9). Costs that benefit all programs will be allocated based on the ratio of each program's expenses to total expenses (see Examples 4 or 10).
- J. Equipment/Depreciation - *Sample Organization* depreciates equipment when the initial acquisition cost exceeds \$2,500. Items below \$2,500 are reflected in the supplies category and expensed in the current year. Unless allowed by the awarding agency, equipment purchases are recovered through depreciation. Depreciation costs for allowable equipment used solely by one program are charged directly to the program using the equipment. If more than one program uses the equipment, then an allocation of the depreciation costs will be based on the ratio of each program's expenses to the total of such expenses (see Examples 3 or 9). Costs that benefit all programs will be allocated based on the ratio of each program's expenses to total expenses (see Examples 4 or 10).

- K. Telephone/Communications - Long distance and local calls are charged to programs if readily identifiable. Other telephone or communications expenses that benefit more than one program will be allocated to those programs based on the ratio of each program's expenses to the total of such expenses (see Examples 3 or 9). Costs that benefit all programs will be allocated based on the ratio of each program's expenses to total expenses (see Examples 4 or 10).
- L. Training/Conferences/Seminars – Allocated to the program benefiting from the training, conferences or seminars. Costs that benefit more than one program will be allocated to those programs based on the ratio of each program's salaries to the total of such salaries (see Examples 1, 6 or 7). Costs that benefit all programs will be allocated based on the ratio of each program's salaries to total salaries (see Examples 2, 8 or 12).
- M. Auto Allowance/Travel Costs - Allocated based on purpose of travel. All travel costs (local and out-of-town) are charged directly to the program for which the travel was incurred. Travel costs that benefit more than one program will be allocated to those programs based on the ratio of each program's salaries to the total of such salaries (see Examples 1, 6 or 7). Travel costs that benefit all programs will be allocated based on the ratio of each program's salaries to total salaries (see Examples 2, 8 or 12).
- N. Vehicle Costs (Vehicle lease payments, vehicle maintenance costs associated with leased vehicles) - Allocated to the program benefiting from the vehicle costs. Vehicle costs that benefit more than one program will be allocated to those programs based on the ratio of each program's salaries to the total of such salaries (see Examples 1, 6 or 7). Travel costs that benefit all programs will be allocated based on the ratio of each program's salaries to total salaries (see Examples 2, 8 or 12).
- O. Facilities Expenses (includes Rent, Utilities, Maintenance, Mortgage Interest & Depreciation, and Property Taxes)- Allocated based upon usable square footage. The ratio of total square footage used by all personnel to total square footage is calculated. Facilities costs related to general and administrative activities are allocated to program based on the ratio of program square footage to total square footage (see Examples 5 or 11).
- P. Special Costs (Assistance to Individuals) - Expenses are charged directly to programs that benefit from the service. Expenses that benefit more than one program are allocated based the ratio of the costs to total expenses. Costs that benefit more than one program will be allocated to those programs based on the ratio of each program's expenses to the total of such expenses (see Examples 3 or 9). Costs that benefit all programs will be allocated based on the ratio of each program's expenses to total expenses (see Examples 4 or 10).

- Q. Other Costs (including membership dues, licenses, fees, etc.) - Expenses are charged directly to programs that benefit from the service. Expenses that benefit more than one program are allocated based the ratio of the costs to total expenses. Costs that benefit more than one program will be allocated to those programs based on the ratio of each program's expenses to the total of such expenses (see Examples 3 or 9). Costs that benefit all programs will be allocated based on the ratio of each program's expenses to total expenses (see Examples 4 or 10).
- R. Unallowable Costs – Costs that are unallowable in accordance with OMB Circular A-122, including alcoholic beverages, bad debts, advertising (other than help-wanted ads), contributions, entertainment, fines and penalties. Lobbying and fundraising costs are unallowable, however, are treated as direct costs and allocated their share of general and administrative expenses.

Examples of Allocation Methodology

One to One funding source (grant) to program ratio are reflected in examples 1-6.

Example 1

Expense Amount = \$5,000

Costs that benefit two or more specific programs, but not all programs, are allocated to those programs based on the ratio of each program's personnel costs (salaries & applicable benefits) to the total of such personnel costs, as follows:

Program	Grant	Direct Personnel Costs	%	Amount Allocated
1	A	\$ 20,000	20%	\$1,000
3	C	\$ 30,000	30%	\$1,500
5	E	\$ 50,000	50%	\$2,500
Total		\$100,000	100%	\$5,000

Example 2

Expense Amount = \$10,000

Costs that benefit **all** programs are allocated based on a ratio of each program's personnel costs (salaries & applicable benefits) to total personnel costs as follows:

Program	Grant	Direct Personnel Costs	%	Amount Allocated
1	A	\$ 20,000	13%	\$1,300
2	B	\$ 10,000	7%	\$ 700
3	C	\$ 30,000	20%	\$2,000
4	D	\$ 40,000	27%	\$2,700
5	E	\$ 50,000	33%	\$3,300
Total		\$150,000	100%	\$10,000

Example 3

Expense Amount = \$4,000

Costs that benefit two or more specific programs, but not all programs, are allocated to those programs based on the ratio of each program's expenses (direct program costs other than salaries & benefits) to the total of such expenses, as follows:

Program	Grant	Direct Program Expenses	%	Amount Allocated
1	A	\$ 120,000	30%	\$1,200
3	C	\$ 130,000	33%	\$1,320
5	E	\$ 150,000	37%	\$1,480
Total		\$ 400,000	100%	\$4,000

Example 4

Expense Amount = \$8,000

Costs that benefit all programs will be allocated based on a ratio of each program's direct program expenses to total direct program expenses (direct program costs other than salaries & benefits) to the total of such expenses, as follows:

Program	Grant	Direct Program Expenses	%	Amount Allocated
1	A	\$ 120,000	18%	\$1,440
2	B	\$ 110,000	17%	\$1,360
3	C	\$ 130,000	20%	\$1,600
4	D	\$ 140,000	22%	\$1,760
5	E	\$ 150,000	23%	\$1,840
Total		\$650,000	100%	\$8,000

Example 5

Facilities Expense Amount = \$10,000

Facilities costs are allocated based on square footage. Square footage for each program and general and administrative activity is considered in the analysis. General and administrative facilities costs are further allocated to each program based on the square footage of each grant program to the total square footage of all grant programs. The calculation is as follows:

Program	Grant	Square Footage	%	Amount Allocated	G&A Allocated	Total Amount Allocated
1	A	300	30%	\$ 3,000	\$ 340	\$ 3,340
2	B	100	10%	\$ 1,000	\$ 110	\$ 1,110
3	C	200	20%	\$ 2,000	\$ 220	\$ 2,220
4	D	200	20%	\$ 2,000	\$ 220	\$ 2,220
5	E	100	10%	\$ 1,000	\$ 110	\$ 1,110
	G&A	100	10%	\$ 1,000	0	0
Total		1,000	100%	\$10,000	\$1,000	\$10,000

Example 6

Expense Amount = \$5,000

Costs that benefit two or more specific programs, but not all programs, are allocated to those programs based on the ratio of each program's Full Time Equivalent (FTE) to the total of such FTE's, as follows:

Program	Grant	FTE's	%	Amount Allocated
1	A	.20	10%	\$ 500
3	C	.80	40%	\$2,000
5	E	1.0	50%	\$2,500
Total		2.00	100%	\$5,000

Multiple funding sources (grants) to programs are reflected in examples 7-12.

Example 7

Expense Amount = \$5,000

Costs that benefit two or more specific programs, but not all programs, are allocated to those programs based on the ratio of each program's personnel costs (salaries & applicable benefits) to the total of such personnel costs, as follows:

Program	Grant	Direct Personnel Costs	%	Amount Allocated
1	A	\$ 10,000	10%	\$ 500
1	F	\$ 10,000	10%	\$ 500
3	C	\$ 30,000	30%	\$1,500
5	E	\$ 50,000	50%	\$2,500
Total		\$100,000	100%	\$5,000

Example 8

Expense Amount = \$10,000

Costs that benefit **all** programs are allocated based on a ratio of each program's personnel costs (salaries & applicable benefits) to total personnel costs as follows:

Program	Grant	Direct Personnel Costs	%	Amount Allocated
1	A	\$ 10,000	7%	\$ 700
1	F	\$ 10,000	7%	\$ 700
2	B	\$ 10,000	7%	\$ 700
3	C	\$ 30,000	20%	\$2,000
4	D	\$ 40,000	26%	\$2,600
5	E	\$ 50,000	33%	\$3,300
Total		\$150,000	100%	\$10,000

Example 9

Expense Amount = \$4,000

Costs that benefit two or more specific programs, but not all programs, are allocated to those programs based on the ratio of each program's expenses (direct program costs other than salaries & benefits) to the total of such expenses, as follows:

Program	Grant	Direct Program Expenses	%	Amount Allocated
1	A	\$ 60,000	15%	\$ 600
1	F	\$ 60,000	15%	\$ 600
3	C	\$ 130,000	33%	\$1,320
5	E	\$ 150,000	37%	\$1,480
Total		\$ 400,000	100%	\$4,000

Example 10

Expense Amount = \$8,000

Costs that benefit all programs will be allocated based on a ratio of each program’s direct program expenses to total direct program expenses (direct program costs other than salaries & benefits) to the total of such expenses, as follows:

Program	Grant	Direct Program Expenses	%	Amount Allocated
1	A	\$ 60,000	9%	\$ 720
1	F	\$ 60,000	9%	\$ 720
2	B	\$ 110,000	17%	\$1,360
3	C	\$ 130,000	20%	\$1,600
4	D	\$ 140,000	22%	\$1,760
5	E	\$ 150,000	23%	\$1,840
Total		\$650,000	100%	\$8,000

Example 11

Facilities Expense Amount = \$10,000

Facilities costs are allocated based on square footage. Square footage for each program and general and administrative activity is considered in the analysis. General and administrative facilities costs are further allocated to each program based on the square footage of each grant program to the total square footage of all grant programs. The calculation is as follows:

Program	Grant	Square Footage	%	Amount Allocated	G&A Allocated	Total Amount Allocated
1	A	150	15%	\$ 1,500	\$ 170	\$ 1,670
1	F	150	15%	\$ 1,500	\$ 170	\$ 1,670
2	B	100	10%	\$ 1,000	\$ 110	\$ 1,110
3	C	200	20%	\$ 2,000	\$ 220	\$ 2,220
4	D	200	20%	\$ 2,000	\$ 220	\$ 2,220
5	E	100	10%	\$ 1,000	\$ 110	\$ 1,110
	G&A	100	10%	\$ 1,000	0	0
Total		1,000	100%	\$10,000	\$1,000	\$10,000

Example 12

Expense Amount = \$5,000

Costs that benefit two or more specific programs, but not all programs, are allocated to those programs based on the ratio of each program's Full Time Equivalent (FTE) to the total of such FTE's, as follows:

Program	Grant	FTE's	%	Amount Allocated
1	A	.10	5%	\$ 250
1	F	.10	5%	\$ 250
3	C	.80	40%	\$2,000
5	E	1.0	50%	\$2,500
Total		2.00	100%	\$5,000